# **REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING TECHNOLOGY** SCHEME OF STUDIES

<u>IST YEAR</u>					
C 111		Т	P	C	Page
Gen III	Islamiat & Pak Studies	1	0	1	1
Eng 122	Technical English	2	0	2	10
Math 113	Applied Mathematics-1	3	0	3	13
Phy 122	Applied Physics	l	3	2	19
Ch 112	Applied Chemistry	l	3	2	26
MT III	Technical Drawing	0	3	1	32
ET 113	Applied Electricity	2	3	3	35
COMP 122	Computer Applications	1	3	2	43
RACT 113	Principles of Refrigeration	2	3	3	48
RACT 123	Workshop Practice-I	0	9	3	55
	-Basic Electronics Applied to HVAC&R 031	_			
	-Metal Shop 0.3	1			
	-Machine Shop/Welding Shop 0.3	1			
	Total:	13	27	22	
2ND YEAR					
Gen 211	Islamiat & Pak. Studies	1	0	1	57
<b>M</b> ath 223	Applied Mathematics-II	3	0	3	64
Mgm 232	Industrial Management & Human Relations	2	0	2	70
Phy 212	Applied Physics	1	3	2	78
RACT 214	Principle of Air-Conditioning	3	3	4	86
<b>RACT</b> 223	Applied Thermodynamics & Low Pressure Boiler	2	3	3	92
<b>RACT</b> 233	Engg. & Arch. Drawing	1	6	3	98
<b>RACT</b> 243	Advance Refrigeration	3	0	3	104
<b>RACT</b> 253	Workshop Practice-II	1	6	3	112
	Total:	17	21	24	
<b>3RD YEAR</b>					
Gen 311	Islamiat & Pak. Studies	1	0	1	120
Mgm 311	Business Management & Industrial Economics	1	0	1	127
Mgm 321	Business Communication	1	0	1	133
RACT 314	Air Conditioning Systems Design	3	3	4	137
<b>RACT</b> 322	Water & Air Distribution	2	0	2	144
<b>RACT</b> 334	Control & Instrumentation	3	3	4	150
<b>RACT</b> 342	Industrial Refrigeration & Air Cond.	2	0	2	160
<b>RACT</b> 352	Technical Project	0	6	2	164
<b>RACT</b> 363	Heat Transfer & Ref. Calculation	3	0	3	166
<b>RACT</b> 373	RAC W/shop Practice-III	0	9	3	172
	Total:	16	21	23	

### **Eng-112ENGLISH**

### **Total contact hours**

Theory	64	Т	Р	С
Practical	0	2	0	2

**AIMS**At the end of the course, the students will be equipped with cognitive skill to enable them to present facts in a systematic and logical manner to meet the language demands of dynamic field of commerce and industry for functional day-to-day use and will inculcate skills of reading, writing and comprehension.

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

### **ENGLISH PAPER "A"**

### 1 **PROSE/TEXT**

1.1First eight essays of Intermediate English Book-II

### **2 CLOZE TEST**

2.1A passage comprising 50-100 words will be selected from the text. Every 11th word or any word for that matter will be omitted. The number of missing word will range between 5-10. The chosen word may or may not be the one used in the text, but it should be an appropriate word.

### **ENGLISH PAPER ''B''**

### **3GRAMMAR**

3.1Sentence Structure.

3.2Tenses.

3.3Parts of speech.

3.4Punctuation.

- 3.5 Change of Narration.
- 3.6 One word for several
- 3.7 Words often confused

### 4. COMPOSITION

- 4.1 Letters/Messages
- 4.2Job application letter
- 4.3For character certificate/for grant of scholarship
- 4.4Telegrams, Cablegrams and Radiograms, Telexes, Facsimiles
- 4.5Essay writing
- 4.6Technical Education, Science and Our life, Computers, Environmental Pollution, Duties of a Student.

# 16 hours

# 4 hours

26 hours

8 hours

10

# 5. TRANSLATION

5.1 Translation from Urdu into English. For Foreign Students: A paragraph or a dialogue.

# **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

1.Intermediate English Book-II.

2.An English Grammar and Composition of Intermediate Level.

3.A Hand Book of English Students By Gatherer.

4 hours 6 hours

# Eng-112ENGLISH

# **INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES**

# PAPER-A

## 1. DEMONSTRATE BETTER READING, COMPREHENSION AND VOCABULARY

- 1.1 Manipulate, skimming and scanning of the text.
- 1.2 Identify new ideas.
- 1.3 Reproduce facts, characters in own words

1.4Write summary of stories

## 2. UNDERSTAND FACTS OF THE TEXT

- 2.1 Rewrite words to fill in the blanks recalling the text.
- 2.2 Use own words to fill in the blanks.

## PAPER-B

## 3. APPLY THE RULES OF GRAMMAR IN WRITING AND SPEAKING

- 3.1Use rules of grammar to construct meaningful sentences containing a subject and a predicate.
- 3.2State classification of time, i.e present, past and future and use verb tense correctly in different forms to denote relevant time.
- 3.3 Identify function words and content words.
- 3.4 Use marks of punctuation to make sense clear.
- 3.5 Relate what a person says in direct and indirect forms.
- 3.6Compose his writings.
- 3.7 Distinguish between confusing words.

# 4.APPLY THE CONCEPTS OF COMPOSITION WRITING TO PRACTICAL SITUATIONS

- 4.1Use concept to construct applications for employment, for character certificate, for grant of scholarship.
- 4.2Define and write telegrams, cablegrams and radiograms, telexes, facsimiles
- 4.3 Describe steps of a good composition writing.
- 4.4 Describe features of a good composition.
- 4.5 Describe methods of composition writing
- 4.6Use these concepts to organize facts and describe them systematically in practical situation.

### 5. APPLIES RULES OF TRANSLATION

- 5.1 Describe confusion.
- 5.2 Describe rules of translation.

5.3Use rules of translation from Urdu to English in simple paragraph and sentences.

## Math-113 APPLIED MATHEMATICS-I

# T P C 3 0 3

### **Total Contact Hours**

Theory 96 Hours.

Pre-requisite: Must have completed a course of Elective Mathematics at Matric level.

**AIMS:** After completing the course the students will be able to

- 1.Solve problems of Algebra, Trigonometry, vectors, Mensuration, Matrices and Determinants.
- 2.Develop skill, mathematical attitudes and logical perception in the use of mathematical instruments as required in the technological fields.
- 3. Acquire mathematical clarity and insight in the solution of technical problems.

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

1.	QUA	ADRATIC EQUATIONS	6 Hours
	1.1	Standard Form	
	1.2	Solution	
	1.3	Nature of roots	
	1.4	Sum & Product of roots	
	1.5	Formation	
	1.6	Problems	
2.	ARI	THMETIC PROGRESSION AND SERIES.	3 Hours
	2.1	Sequence	
	2.2	Series	
	2.3	nth term	
	2.4	Sum of the first n terms	
	2.5	Means	
	2.6	Problems	
3.	GEC	DMETRIC PROGRESSION AND SERIES.	3 Hours
	3.1	nth term	
	3.2	Sum of the first n terms	
	3.3	Means	
	3.4	Infinite Geometric progression	
	3.5	Problems	
4.	BIN	OMIAL THEOREM	6 Hours
	4.1	Factorials	

	4.4	Statement	
	4.5	The General Term	
	4.6	The Binomial Series	
	4.7	Problems.	
5.	PAR	TIAL FRACTIONS	6 Hours
	5.1	Introduction	
	5.2	Linear Distinct FactorsCase I	
	5.3	Linear Repeated Factors Case II	
	5.4	Quadratic Distinct Factors Case III	
	5.5	Quadratic Repeated Factors Case IV	
	5.6	Problems	
6.	FUN	DAMENTALS OF TRIGONOMETRY	6 Hours
	6.1	Angles	
	6.2	Quadrants	
	6.3	Measurements of Angles	
	6.4	Relation between Sexagesimal & circular system	
	6.5R	elation between Length of a Circular Arc & the Radian Measure of its cent	ral Angle
	6.6	Problems	
7.	TRI	GONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS AND RATIOS	6 Hours
	7.1	Trigonometric functions of any angle	
	7.2	Signs of trigonometric Functions	
	7.3	Trigonometric Ratios of particular Angles	
	7.4	Fundamental Identities	
	7.5	Problems	
8.	GEN	IERAL IDENTITIES	6 Hours
	8.1	The Fundamental Law	
	8.2	Deductions	
	8.3	Sum & Difference Formulae	
	8.4	Double Angle Identities	
	8.5	Half Angle Identities	
	8.6	Conversion of sum or difference to products	
	8.6 8.7	Conversion of sum or difference to products Problems	
9.	8.6 8.7 <b>SOL</b>	Conversion of sum or difference to products Problems UTION OF TRIANGLES	6 Hours
9.	8.6 8.7 <b>SOL</b> 9.1	Conversion of sum or difference to products Problems UTION OF TRIANGLES The law of Sines	6 Hours
9.	8.6 8.7 <b>SOL</b> 9.1 9.2	Conversion of sum or difference to products Problems UTION OF TRIANGLES The law of Sines The law of Cosines	6 Hours

4.2

4.3

**Binomial Expression** 

Binomial Co-efficient

- **MENSURATION OF SOLIDS 30 Hours** 10.1 Review of regular plane figures and Simpson's Rule 10.3 Cylinders **Pyramids** 10.4 Cones 10.5 Frusta 10.6 10.7 Spheres **VECTORS** 9 Hours 11.1 Scalers & Vectors 11.2 Addition & Subtraction 11.3 The unit Vectors i, j, k 11.4 **Direction Cosines** 11.5 Scaler or Dot Product 11.6 Deductions 11.7 Dot product in terms of orthogonal components Vector or cross Product 11.8 11.9 Deductions 11.10 Analytic Expression for a x b. 11.11 Problems **MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS** 9 Hours 12.1 Definition of Matrix 12.2 Rows & Columns 12.3 Order of a Matrix
  - 12.4 Algebra of Matrices
  - 12.5 Determinants
  - 12.6
  - 12.7 Solution of Linear Equations
- 12.8 Problems

### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Ghulam Yasin Minhas - Technical Mathematics Vol-I, Ilmi Kitab Khana, Lahore.
- 2.Prof. Riaz Ali Khan Polytechnic Mathematic Series Vol I & II, Majeed Sons, Faisalabad

3. Prof. Sana Ullah Bhatti - A Text Book of Algebra and Trigonometry, Punjab Text Book Board, Lahore.

# 10.

Problems

### 10.2Prisms

12.

9.4

### 11.

- **Properties of Determinants**

# Math-113 APPLIED MATHEMATICS-I

# **INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES**

## 1.USE DIFFERENT METHODS FOR THE SOLUTION OF QUADRATIC EQUATIONS.

- 1.1 Define a standard quadratic equation.
- 1.2Use methods of factorization and method of completing the square for solving the equations.
- 1.3 Derive quadratic formula.
- 1.4 Write expression for the discriminant.
- 1.5 Explain nature of the roots of a quadratic equation.
- 1.6 Calculate sum and product of the roots.
- 1.7 Form a quadratic equation from the given roots.
- 1.8 Solve problems involving quadratic equations.

## 2.UNDERSTAND APPLY CONCEPT OF ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION AND SERIES.

- 2.1 Define an Arithmetic sequence and a series.
- 2.2 Derive formula for the nth term of an A.P.
- 2.3 Explain Arithmetic Mean between two given numbers.
- 2.4 Insert n Arithmetic means between two numbers.
- 2.5 Derive formulas for summation of an Arithmetic series.
- 2.6 Solve problems on Arrthimetic Progression and Series..

## 3. UNDERSTAND GEOMETRIC PROGRESSION AND SERIES.

- 3.1 Define a geometric sequence and a series.
- 3.2 Derive formula for nth term of a G.P.
- 3.3 Explain geometric mean between two numbers.
- 3.4 Insert n geometric means between two numbers.
- 3.5 Derive a formula for the summation of geometric Series.
- 3.6 Deduce a formula for the summation of an infinite G.P.
- 3.7 Solve problems using these formulas.

# 4. EXPAND AND EXTRACT ROOTS OF A BINOMIAL.

- 4.1 State binomial theorem for positive integral index.
- 4.2 Explain binomial coefficients: (n,0), (n,1).....,(n,r)....., (n,n)
- 4.3 Derive expression for the general term.
- 4.4 Calculate the specified terms.
- 4.5 Expand a binomial of a given index.
- 4.6 Extract the specified roots.
- 4.7 Compute the approximate value to a given decimal place.
- 4.8 Solve problems involving binomials.

# 5.RESOLVE A SINGLE FRACTION INTO PARTIAL FRACTIONS USING DIFFERENT METHODS.

- 5.1 Define a partial fraction, a proper and an improper fraction.
- 5.2 Explain all the four types of partial fractions.
- 5.3 Set up equivalent partial fractions for each type.
- 5.4 Explain the methods for finding constants involved.
- 5.5 Resolve a single fraction into partial fractions.
- 5.6 Solve problems involving all the four types.

## 6. UNDERSTAND SYSTEMS OF MEASUREMENT OF ANGLES.

- 6.1 Define angles and the related terms.
- 6.2 Illustrate the generation of an angle.
- 6.3 Explain sexagesimal and circular systems for the measurement of angles.
- 6.4 Derive the relationship between radian and degree.
- 6.5 Convert radians to degrees and vice versa.
- 6.6 Derive a formula for the circular measure of a central angle.
- 6.7 Use this formula for solving problems.

# 7.APPLY BASIC CONCEPTS AND PRINCIPLES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS.

- 7.1Define the basic trigonometric functions/ratios of an angle as ratios of the sides of a right triangle.
- 7.2 Derive fundamental identities.
- 7.3 Find trigonometric ratios of particular angles.
- 7.4 Draw the graph of trigonometric functions.
- 7.5 Solve problems involving trigonometric functions.

# 8.USE TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES IN SOLVING TECHNOLOGICAL PROBLEMS.

- 8.1 List fundamental identities.
- 8.2 Prove the fundamental law.
- 8.3 Deduce important results.
- 8.4 Derive sum and difference formulas.
- 8.5 Establish half angle, double angle & triple angle formulas.
- 8.6 Convert sum or difference into product & vice versa.
- 8.7 Solve problems.

# 9.USE CONCEPTS, PROPERTIES AND LAWS OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS FOR SOLVING TRIANGLES.

- 9.1 Define angle of elevation and angle of depression.
- 9.2 Prove the law of sines and the law of cosines.
- 9.3 Explain elements of a triangle.
- 9.4 Solve triangles and the problems involving heights and distances.

# 10.USE PRINCIPLES OF MENSURATION IN FINDING SURFACES, VOLUMES AND WEIGHTS OF SOLIDS.

- 10.1 Define mensuration of plane and solid figures.
- 10.2 List formulas for perimeters & areas of plane figure.
- 10.3 Define pyramid and cone.
- 10.4 Define frusta of pyramid and cone.
- 10.5 Define a sphere and a shell.
- 10.6 Calculate the total surface and volume of each type of solid.
- 10.7 Compute weight of solids.
- 10.8 Solve problems of these solids.

# 11.USE THE CONCEPT AND PRINCIPLES OF VECTORS IN SOLVING TECHNOLOGICAL PROBLEMS.

- 11.1 Define vector quantity.
- 11.2 Explain addition and subtraction of vector.
- 11.3 Illustrate unit vectors i, j, k.
- 11.4 Express a vector in the component form.
- 11.5 Explain magnitude, unit vector, direction cosines of a vector.
- 11.6 Derive analytic expression for dot product and cross product of two vector.
- 11.7 Deduce conditions of perpendicularity and parallelism of two vectors.
- 11.8Solve problems

# 12.USE THE CONCEPT OF MATRICES & DETERMINANTS IN SOLVING TECHNOLOGICAL PROBLEMS.

- 12.1 Define a matrix and a determinant.
- 12.2 List types of matrices.
- 12.3 Define transpose, adjoint and inverse of a matrix.
- 12.4 State properties of determinants.
- 12.5 Explain basic concepts.
- 12.6 Explain algebra of matrices.
- 12.7 Solve linear equation by matrices.
- 12.8 Explain the solution of a determinant.
- 12.9 Use Crammers Rule for solving linear equations.

# **Phy-122APPLIED PHYSICS**

### **Total Contact Hours**

Theory	32	Т Р	С
Practicals	96	1 3	2

AIMS: The students will be able to understand the fundamental principles and concept of physics, use these to solve problems in practical situations/technological courses and understand concepts to learn advance physics/technical courses.

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

1MEASUREMENTS.	2 Hours.
1.1Fundamental units and derived units	
1.2Systems of measurement and S.I. units	
1.3Concept of dimensions, dimensional formula	
1.4Conversion from one system to another	
1.5Significant figures	
2SCALARS AND VECTORS.	4 Hours.
2.1Revision of head to tail rule	
2.2Laws of parallelogram, triangle and polygon of forces	
2.3Resolution of a vector	
2.4Addition of vectors by rectangular components	
2.5Multiplication of two vectors, dot product and cross product	
<b>3MOTION</b>	4 Hours.
3.1Review of laws and equations of motion	
3.2Law of conservation of momentum	
3.3Angular motion	
3.4 Relation between linear and angular motion	
3.5Centripetal acceleration and force	
3.6Equations of angular motion	
4TORQUE, EQUILIBRIUM AND ROTATIONAL INERTIA.	4 Hours.
4.1Torque	
4.2Centre of gravity and centre of mass	
4.3Equilibrium and its conditions	
4.4Torque and angular acceleration	
4.5Rotational inertia	
<b>5WAVE MOTION.</b>	5 Hours
5.1Review Hooke's law of elasticity	

<ul> <li>5.2Motion under an elastic restoring force</li> <li>5.3Characteristics of simple harmonic motion</li> <li>5.4S.H.M. and circular motion</li> <li>5.5Simple pendulum</li> <li>5.6Wave form of S.H.M.</li> <li>5.7Resonance</li> <li>5.8Transverse vibration of a stretched string</li> </ul>	
6SOLIND	5 Hrs
6 11 ongitudinal waves	5 1115
6.2Intensity, loudness, pitch and quality of sound	
6.3Units of Intensity of level and frequency response of ear	
6.4Interference of sound waves silence zones, beats	
6.5Acoustics	
6.6Doppler effect.	
7LIGHT.	5 Hours
7.1Review laws of reflection and refraction	
7.2Image formation by mirrors and lenses	
7.30ptical instruments	
7.4 wave theory of light	
7.5 Applications of polarization in supplaying antical activity and stress analysis	
7.0Applications of polarization in sunglasses, optical activity and stress analysis	
80PTICAL FIBER.	2 Hours
8.10ptical communication and problems	
8.2Review total internal reflection and critical angle	
8.3Structure of optical fiber	
8.4Fiber material and manufacture	
8.5Optical fiber - uses.	
9LASERS.	<b>3</b> Hours
9.1Corpuscular theory of light	
9.2Emission and absorption of light	
9.3Stimulated absorption and emission of light	
9.4Laser principle	
9.35tructure and working of lasers	
9.01 ypes of lasers with orier description.	
9.7 Applications (basic concepts)	
9.0Waterial processing 0.0Lasor wolding	
9.7Laser veruning 0.10Laser assisted machining	

# 9.11Micro machining

9.12Drilling, scribing and marking9.13Printing9.14Lasers in medicine

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

1Tahir Hussain, Fundamentals of Physics Vol-I and II
2Farid Khawaja, Fundamentals of Physics Vol-I and II
3Wells and Slusher, Schaum's Series Physics .
4Nelkon and Oyborn, Advanced Level Practical Physics
5Mehboob Ilahi Malik and Inam-ul-Haq, Practical Physics
6Wilson, Lasers - Principles and Applications
7M. Aslam Khan and M. Akram Sandhu, Experimental Physics Note Book

### **Phy-122APPLIED PHYSICS**

### **INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES**

# 1 USE CONCEPTS OF MEASUREMENT TO PRACTICAL SITUATIONS AND TECHNOLOGICAL PROBLEMS.

1.1Write dimensional formulae for physical quantities

1.2Derive units using dimensional equations

1.3Convert a measurement from one system to another

1.4Use concepts of measurement and Significant figures in problem solving.

# 2 USE CONCEPTS OF SCALARS AND VECTORS IN SOLVING PROBLEMS INVOLVING THESE CONCEPTS.

2.1Explain laws of parallelogram, triangle and polygon of forces

2.2Describe method of resolution of a vector into components

2.3Describe method of addition of vectors by rectangular components

2.4Differentiate between dot product and cross product of vectors

2.5Use the concepts in solving problems involving addition resolution and multiplication of vectors.

# **3 USE THE LAW OF CONSERVATION OF MOMENTUM AND CONCEPTS OF ANGULAR MOTION TO PRACTICAL SITUATIONS.**

3.1Use law of conservation of momentum to practical/technological problems.

3.2Explain relation between linear and angular motion

3.3Use concepts and equations of angular motion to solve relevant technological problems.

# 4USE CONCEPTS OF TORQUE, EQUILIBRIUM AND ROTATIONAL INERTIA TO PRACTICAL SITUATION/PROBLEMS.

4.1Explain Torque

4.2Distinguish between Centre of gravity and centre of mass

4.3Explain rotational Equilibrium and its conditions

4.4Explain Rotational Inertia giving examples

4.5Use the above concepts in solving technological problems.

### **5USE CONCEPTS OF WAVE MOTION IN SOLVING RELEVANT PROBLEMS.**

5.1Explain Hooke's Law of Elasticity

5.2Derive formula for Motion under an elastic restoring force

5.3Derive formulae for simple harmonic motion and simple pendulum

5.4Explain wave form with reference to S.H.M. and circular motion

5.5Explain Resonance

5.6Explain Transverse vibration of a stretched string

5.7Use the above concepts and formulae of S.H.M. to solve relevant problems.

### **6UNDERSTAND CONCEPTS OF SOUND.**

6.1Describe longitudinal wave and its propagation

6.2Explain the concepts: Intensity, loudness, pitch and quality of sound

6.3Explain units of Intensity of level and frequency response of ear

6.4Explain phenomena of silence zones, beats

6.5Explain Acoustics of buildings

6.6Explain Doppler effect giving mathematical expressions.

### 7USE THE CONCEPTS OF GEOMETRICAL OPTICS TO MIRRORS and LENSES.

7.1Explain laws of reflection and refraction

7.2Use mirror formula to solve problems

7.3Use the concepts of image formation by mirrors and lenses to describe working of optical instruments, e.g. microscopes, telescopes, camera and sextant.

# **8UNDERSTAND WAVE THEORY OF LIGHT**

8.1Explain wave theory of light

8.2Explain phenomena of interference, diffraction, polarization of light waves

8.3Describe uses of polarization given in the course contents.

### 9UNDERSTAND THE STRUCTURE, WORKING AND USES OF OPTICAL FIBER.

9.1Explain the structure of the Optical Fiber

9.2Explain its principle of working

9.3Describe use of optical fiber in industry and medicine.

# Phy-122 APPLIED PHYSICS

# LIST OF PRACTICALS.

1Draw graphs representing the functions:

- a)y=mx for m=0, 0.5, 1, 2
- b)  $y=x^2$
- c) y=1/x

2Find the volume of a given solid cylinder using vernier callipers.

3Find the area of cross-section of the given wire using micrometer screw gauge.

4Prove that force is directly proportional to (a) mass, (b) acceleration, using fletchers' trolley.

5Verify law of parallelogram of forces using Grave-sands apparatus.

6Verify law of triangle of forces and Lami's theorem

7Determine the weight of a given body using

a) Law of parallelogram of forces

b)Law of triangle of forces

c)Lami's theorem

8Verify law of polygon of forces using Grave-sands apparatus.

9Locate the position and magnitude of resultant of like parallel forces.

10Determine the resultant of two unlike parallel forces.

11Find the weight of a given body using principle of moments.

12Locate the centre of gravity of regular and irregular shaped bodies.

13Find Young's Modules of Elasticity of a metallic wire.

14Verify Hooke's Law using helical spring.

15Study of frequency of stretched string with length.

16Study of variation of frequency of stretched string with tension.

17Study resonance of air column in resonance tube and find velocity of sound.

18Find the frequency of the given tuning fork using resonance tube.

19Find velocity of sound in rod by Kundt's tube.

20Verify rectilinear propagation of light and study shadow formation.

21Study effect of rotation of plane mirror on reflection.

22Compare the refractive indices of given glass slabs.

23Find focal length of concave mirror by locating centre of curvature.

24Find focal length of concave mirror by object and image method

25Find focal length of concave mirror with converging lens.

26Find refractive index of glass by apparent depth.

27Find refractive index of glass by spectrometer.

28Find focal length of converging lens by plane mirror.

29Find focal length of converging lens by displacement method.

30Find focal length of diverging lense using converging lens.

31Find focal length of diverging lens using concave mirror.

32Find angular magnification of an astronomical telescope.

33Find angular magnification of a simple microscope (magnifying glass)

34Find angular magnification of a compound microscope.

35Study working and structure of camera.

36Study working and structure of sextant.

37Compare the different scales of temperature and verify the conversion formula.

38Determine the specific heat of lead shots.

39Find the coefficient of linear expansion of a metallic rod.

40Find the heat of fusion of ice.

41Find the heat of vaporization.

42Determine relative humidity using hygrometer.

### Ch-112 APPLIED CHEMISTRY

# T P C 1 3 2

### **Total Contact Hours**

Theory32Practical64

**Pre-requisite:**The student must have studied the subject of elective chemistry at Secondary school level.

AIMS After studying this course a student will be able to:

- 1.Understand the significance and role of chemistry in the development of modern technology.
- 2.Become acquainted with the basic principles of chemistry as applied in the study of relevant Technology.
- 3.Know the scientific methods for production, properties and use of materials of industrial & technological significance.
- 4. Gains skill for the efficient conduct of practicals in a Chemistry lab.

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

#### INTRODUCTION AND FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS. 1. 2 Hours Orientation with reference to this technology. 1.1 Terms used & units of measurements in the study of chemistry. 1.2 Chemical Reactions & their types. 1.3 2. **ATOMIC STRUCTURE.** 2 Hours 2.1 Sub-atomic particles. 2.2 Architecture of atoms of elements, Atomic No. & Atomic Weight. The periodic classification of elements periodic law 2.3 2.4 General characteristics of a period and group. 3. CHEMICAL BOND. 2 Hours Nature of chemical Bond. 3.1 Electrovalent bond with examples. 3.2 3.3 Covalent Bond(Polar and Non-polar, sigma & Pi Bonds with examples. Co-ordinate Bond with examples. 3.4 4. WATER. 2 Hours 4.1 Chemical nature and properties. 4.2 Impurities. 4.3 Hardness of water (types, causes & removal) 4.4 Scales of measuring hardness (Degrees Clark French, PPM, Mg- per liter).

	4.5	Boiler feed water, scales and treatment.	
	4.6	Sea-water desalination, sewage treatment.	
5.	ACII	DS, BASES AND SALTS.	2 Hours
	5.1	Definitions with examples.	
	5.2	Properties, their strength, basicity & Acidity.	
	5.3	Salts and their classification with examples.	
	5.4	pH-value and scale.	
6.	OXII	DATION & REDUCTION.	2 Hours
	6.1	The process, definition & examples.	
	6.2	Oxidizing and Reducing agents.	
	6.3	Oxides and their classifications.	
7.	NUC	LEAR CHEMISTRY.	2 Hours
	7.1	Introduction.	
	7.2	Radioactivity (alpha, beta and gamma rays).	
	7.3	Half life process.	
	7.4	Nuclear reaction & transformation of elements.	
8.	CEMENT.		2 Hours
	8.1	Introduction	
	8.2	Composition and manufacture,.	
	8.3	Chemistry of setting and hardening.	
	8.4	Special purpose cements.	
9.	GLA	SS.	2 Hours
	9.1	Composition and raw material.	
	9.2	Manufacture	
	9.3	Varieties and uses.	
10.	PLAS	STICS AND POLYMERS.	2 Hours
	10.1	Introduction and importance.	
	10.2	Classification.	
	10.3	Manufacture.	
	10.4	Properties and uses.	
11.	PAIN	TS, VARNISHES AND DISTEMPER.	2 Hours
	11.1	Introduction	
	11.2	Constituents.	
	11.3	Preparation and uses.	
12.	COR	ROSION.	2 Hours

	12.2	Types of corrosion.	
	12.3	Rusting of iron.	
	12.4	Protective measures against-corrosion.	
13.	REFI	RACTORY MATERIALS AND ABRASIVE.	2 Hours
	13.1	Introduction to Refractories.	
	13.2	Classification of Refractories.	
	13.3	Properties and Uses.	
	13.4	Introduction to Abrasives.	
	13.5	Artificial and Natural Abrasives and their uses.	
14.	ALL	OYS.	2 Hours
	14.1	Introduction with need	
	14.2	Preparation and Properties.	
	14.3	Some Important alloys and their composition.	
	14.4	Uses.	
15.	FUE	LS AND COMBUSTION.	2 Hours
	15.1	Introduction of fuels.	
	15.2	Classification of fuels.	
	15.3	Combustion.	
	15.4	Numerical Problems of Combustion.	
16.	LUB	RICANTS.	1 Hour
	16.1	Introduction.	
	16.2	Classification.	
	16.3	Properties of lubricants.	
	16.4	Selection of lubricants.	
17.	POL	LUTION.	1 Hour
	17.1	The problem and its dangers.	
	17.2	Causes of pollution.	
	17.3	Remedies to combat the hazards of pollution.	
BOO	KS RE	COMMENDED	
1.	Text	Book of Intermediate Chemistry (I & II)	
2.	Ilmi A	Applied Science by Sh. Atta Muhammad.	
3.	Polyte	echnic Chemistry by J.N. Reedy Tata Mc Graw Hill (New Delhi).	

4. Chemistry for Engineers by P.C. Jain (New Delhi, India).

12.1

Introduction with causes.

# Ch-112 APPLIED CHEMISTRY

# INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES

# 1.UNDERSTAND THE SCOPE, SIGNIFICANCE AND FUNDAMENTAL ROLE OF THE SUBJECT.

- 1.1 Define chemistry and its important terms.
- 1.2 State the units of measurements in the study of chemistry.
- 1.3 Write chemical formula of common compounds.
- 1.4 Describe types of chemical reactions with examples.

# 2.UNDERSTAND THE STRUCTURE OF ATOMS AND ARRANGEMENT OF SUB ATOMIC PARTICLES IN THE ARCHITECTURE OF ATOMS.

- 2.1 Define atom.
- 2.2 State the periodic law of elements.
- 2.3 Describe the fundamental sub atomic particles.

2.4Distinguish between atomic no. and mass no.; isotopes and isobars.

2.5Explain the arrangements of electrons in different shells and sub energy levels.

2.6Explain the grouping and placing of elements in the periodic table.

## 3. UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF CHEMICAL BOUND.

- 3.1 Define chemical bond.
- 3.2 Describe the nature of chemical bond.
- 3.3 Differentiate between electrovalent and covalent bonding.
- 3.4Explain the formation of polar and non polar, sigma and pi-bond with examples.
- 3.5 Describe the nature of coordinate bond with examples.

# 4. UNDERSTAND THE CHEMICAL NATURE OF WATER.

4.1Describe the chemical nature of water with its formula.

- 4.2 Describe the general impurities present in water.
- 4.3Explain the causes and methods to removing hardness of water.
- 4.4Express hardness in different units like mg/liter., p.p.m, degrees Clark and degrees French.

4.5Describe the formation and nature of scales in boiler feed water.

- 4.6 Explain the method for the treatment of scales.
- 4.7 Explain the sewage treatment and desalination of sea water.

# 5. UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF ACIDS, BASES AND SALTS.

- 5.1 Define acids, bases and salts with examples.
- 5.2 State general properties of acids and bases.
- 5.3Differentiate between acidity and basicity and use the related terms.
- 5.4 Define salts, state their classification with examples.
- 5.5 Explain p-H value of solution and pH scale.

# 6. UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS OF OXIDATION AND REDUCTION.

- 6.1 Define oxidation.
- 6.2 Explain the oxidation process with examples.
- 6.3 Define reduction.
- 6.4 Explain reduction process with examples.
- 6.5Define oxidizing and reducing agents and give at least six examples of each.
- 6.6 Define oxides.
- 6.7 Classify the oxides and give examples.

# 7. UNDERSTAND THE FUNDAMENTALS OF NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY.

- 7.1 Define nuclear chemistry and radio activity.
- 7.2 Differentiate between alpha , Beta and Gamma particles.
- 7.3 Explain half life process.
- 7.4Explain at least six nuclear reactions resulting in the transformation of some elements.
- 7.5 State important uses of isotopes.

# 8.UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURE, SETTING AND HARDENING OF CEMENT.

- 8.1 Define portland cement and give its composition.
- 8.2 Describe the method of manufacture.
- 8.3 Describe the chemistry of setting and hardening of cement.
- 8.4 Distinguish between ordinary and special purpose cement.

# 9. UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE OF GLASS.

- 9.1 Define glass.
- 9.2 Describe its composition and raw materials.
- 9.3 Describe the manufacture of glass.
- 9.4 Explain its varieties and uses.

# 10.UNDERSTAND THE NATURE AND IMPORTANCE OF PLASTICS AND POLYMERS.

- 10.1 Define plastics and polymers.
- 10.2 Explain the mechanism of polymerization.
- 10.3 Describe the preparation and uses of some plastics/polymers.

# 11. KNOW THE CHEMISTRY OF PAINTS, VARNISHES AND DISTEMPERS.

- 11.1 Define paints, varnishes and distemper.
- 11.2 State composition of each.
- 11.3 State methods of preparation of each and their uses.

# 12.UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS OF CORROSION WITH ITS CAUSES AND TYPES.

- 12.1 Define corrosion.
- 12.2 Describe different types of corrosion.

- 12.3 State the causes of corrosion.
- 12.4 Explain the process of rusting of iron.
- 12.5 Describe methods to prevent/control corrosion.

## 13.UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF REFRACTORY MATERIALS AND ABRASIVE.

- 13.1 Define refractory materials.
- 13.2 Classify refractory materials.
- 13.3 Describe properties and uses of refractories.
- 13.4 Define Abrasive.
- 13.5 Classify natural and artificial abrasives.
- 13.6 Describe uses of abrasives.

## 14. UNDERSTAND THE NATURE AND IMPORTANCE OF ALLOYS.

- 14.1 Define alloy.
- 14.2 Describe different methods for the preparation of alloys.
- 14.3 Describe important properties of alloys.

14.4Enlist some important alloys with their composition, properties and uses.

# 15. UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF FUELS AND THEIR COMBUSTION.

15.1 Define fuels.

- 15.2Classify fuels and make distinction of solid, liquid & gaseous fuels.
- 15.3 Describe important fuels.
- 15.4 Explain combustion.
- 15.5 Calculate air quantities in combustion. gases.

# 16. UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF LUBRICANTS.

- 16.1 Define a lubricant.
- 16.2 Explain the uses of lubricants.
- 16.3 Classify lubricants and cite examples.
- 16.4State important properties of oils, greases and solid lubricants.

16.4State the criteria for the selection of lubricant for particular purpose/job.

# 17. UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF POLLUTION.

- 17.1 Define Pollution (air, water, food).
- 17.2 Describe the causes of environmental pollution.
- 17.3 Enlist some common pollutants.
- 17.4 Explain methods to prevent pollution.

# MT-111 TECHNICAL DRAWING

### **Total contact hours:**

Practical	96 Hours	Т	Р	С
		0	3	1

**Prerequisites:** Fundamental knowledge of drawing.

- AIM 1.Apply the different related knowledge, skills and attitudes in technical sketching, working drawing.
  - 2.To teach the students how to graphically represents the refrigeration and air conditioning system.
  - 3. To draw visualization, sense of form and proportions of various forms of drawing.
  - 4. To teach the students how to make layout, of ducting, piping etc.

## LIST OF PRACTICALS

1.	USES	AND APPLICATION OF TECHNICAL DRAWING.	<b>3 Hours</b>
	1.1	Technical drawing	
	1.2	uses of technical drawing.	
	1.3	Common drawing terms.	
	1.4	application of drawing forms	
	1.5	Practice of conventions	
2.	DRAV	VING SCALES.	3 Hours
	2.1	Importance and meaning of drawing scales.	
	2.2	Metric scale	
	2.3	Inch scale.	
	2.4	Applications of drawing scales.	
3.	SKET	CHING TOOLS AND MATERIALS.	6 Hours
	3.1	Types of drawing papers.	
	3.2Car	e and maintenance of sketching tools, materials (sheet format, title	
		block, wateress and boarder line.)	
4.	LINE	SKETCHING.	6 Hours
	4.1	Introduction to sketching techniques.	
	4.2	Sketching of horizontal lines.	
	4.3	Sketching of vertical lines.	
	4.4	Sketching arcs and circles.	
	4.5	Sketching ellipses and conic sections.	
	4.6	Proportions in sketching.	

5.	LET	FERING.	6 Hours
	5.1	Importance of good lettering.	
	5.2	Letter strokes.	
	5.3	Letter guidelines.	
	5.4	Composition of lettering.	
6.	ALPI	HABET OF LINES.	3 Hours
	6.1	Importance of alphabet of lines.	
	6.2	Common alphabet of lines.	
	6.3	Application of the alphabet of lines.	
7.	INTR	RODUCTION TO PICTORIAL DRAWING.	6 Hours
	7.1	Uses of pictorials.	
	7.2	Three types of pictorial.	
	7.3	Isometric sketches of rectangular block.	
	7.4	Isometric arcs and circles.	
	7.5	Oblique sketch of rectangular block	
	7.6	Proportion in pictorial sketching.	
8.	INTR	RODUCTION TO MULTI-VIEW SKETCHING.	9 Hours
	8.1	Concept multi-view drawing.	
	8.2	Explain principal views.	
	8.3	Principal plane of projections.	
	8.4	Projectors/projection lines.	
	8.5	Multi-view sketching.	
9.	BASI	C DIMENSIONAL.	6 Hours
	9.1	Definition of dimensions.	
	9.2	Two types of dimensions	
	9.3	Systems of measurement.	
	9.4	Dimensional multi-views.	
	9.5	Dimensional pictorials.	
	9.6	Dimensioning holes, areas, and circles.	
	9.7	Dimensional angles.	
	9.8	Notes and specifications.	
	9.9	Rules in dimensioning.	
10.	GEO	METRICAL CONSTRUCTION.	9 Hours
	10.1	Importance of geometry.	
	10.2	Definition of terms.	
	10.3	Basic geometrical construction.	
	10.4	Tangents.	

12 Hours
6 Hours
12 Hours
9 Hours

# **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

1.Engineering Drawing. by French & Vierck.

#### ET-113 **APPLIED ELECTRICITY**

<b>Total Contact hou</b>	rs	Т	Р	С
Theory 64 H	Iours	2	3	3
Practical	96 Hours			

Prerequisites: Knowledge of Physics at Secondary School Level.

**AIM.**To enable student to acquire knowledge of basic principles of electricity and magnetism.

**3 Hours** 

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

1.

#### **ELECTRICITY FUNDAMENTALS.** 1.1 Modern electron theory 1.2 Concept of free electrons 1.3 Electric potential 1.4 Electron flow as current, unit 1.5 Static electricity 1.6 Types of currents - AC and DC 1.7 Voltage, unit 1.8Resistance, units 2. **OHM'S LAW AND TYPES OF CIRCUIT.** 8 Hours 2.1 Ohm's Law 2.2 Series Circuits, characterstics and uses 2.3 Parallel circuits, characterstics and uses 2.4 Series parallel circuits, solution of simple circuits Voltage drop 2.5 2.6 Electric powr, equations and units Alternating current cycle, Time period, frequency and its unit. 2.7 2.8 Values of AC - instanteneous, rms, peak and their relations. 3. ELECTRIC CIRCUIT FUNDAMENTALS. 2 Hours Symbols used in elect. circuits 3.1 3.2 Measurement of current, voltage and resistance by methers, precautions 3.3 Measurement of powr by wattmeter 3.4 Tong tester 3.5 Use of multimeter 3.6 Types of elect. materials 4. **APPLICATION OF KIRCHHOFF'S LAW. 5** Hours 4.1 Kirchoff's current and voltage laws 4.2 Problem solving

5.	MAG	GNETISM AND ELECTRO MAGNETISM.	<b>3 Hours</b>
	5.1	Theory of magnetism	
	5.2	Properties of dmagnets, units of flux, flux density	
	5.3	Electromagnetism, units of magnetizing force and field stredngth	
	5.4	Magnetic field strength, Ampere-turns	
	5.5	Solenoid, uses in RACT	
	5.6	Polarity of electromagnetism, Right Hand Ruls	
	5.7	Electromagnetic induction, Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law	
	5.8	Permeability, Reluctance, their units	
	5.9M	lotor action between two mag. fields	
	5.10	Fleming's Left Hand Rule.	
6.	CAP	ACITORS AND INDUCTORS	4 Hours
	6.1	Capacitance, its units and types	
	6.2	Combination of capacitors in series and parallel	
	6.3	Use of capacitors in RACT	
	6.4	Inductance and its unit	
	6.5	Back emf	
	6.6	Inductive reactance and units	
7.	D.C.	GENERATOR.	5 Hours
	7.1E	lectrical genrator, basic principles	
	7.2C	onstruction, field, armature, yoke, commutator, brushes etc.	
	7.3E	mf equation	
	7.4T	ypes of DC Genrators and their uses.	
8.	ELE	CTRIC MOTORS.	10 Hours
	8.1	Principle of induction motors	
	8.2	3-phase S.C. induction motor	
	8.3	1-phase capacitor motor	
	8.4	Split phase induction motor	
	8.5	Repulsion start induction motor.	
	8.6	Shaded pole motor.	
9.	ALT	10 Hours	
	9.1	Principle of alternator.	
	9.2	Construction of alternator.	
	9.3	E.M.F. equation of alternator	
	9.4	Excitation of alternators	
10.	TRA	NSFORMERS.	2 Hours

	10.1	Principle of operation, construction	
	10.2	Primary and secondary windings and voltages	
	10.3	Step up and step down transformer.	
	10.4C	urrent ratios in each case	
11	тулі	C AND LICE OF WIDING	2 Hauna
11.	1111	Cleat wiring	<b>5</b> nours
	11.1	Detten wiring	
	11.2	Conduit wining.	
	11.5	Conduit winnig.	
	11.4	Earning.	
12.	TYPI	ES OF WIRE AND CABLES	3 Hours
	12.1	V.I.R. cables.	
	12.2	P.V.C. cables.	
	12.3	Multi-core cables	
	12.4	Flexible cables.	
	12.5	Lead sheathed cables.	
	12.6	Paper insulated cables.	
	12.7	Varnish cambric cables.	
	12.8	Mineral insulated cables.	
	12.9	Uses of cables.	
12	EI E/		( Hauna
13.		LIKIUAL AUULOOUKILO.	o Hours
	13.1	Starters.	
	13.2	Magnetic contactors.	
	13.3	Stabilizer.	

- 13.3
- 13.4 Circuit breakers.
- 13.5 Time delay relay.
- 13.6 Timers.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- Althous Modern refrigerating and Air conditioning B. L. Theraja Electrical Technology 1.
- 2.

# ET-113 APPLIED ELECTRICITY

# **INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES**

## 1.UNDERSTAND THE ELECTRICITY FUNDAMENTALS.

- 1.1 Define electron theory of electricity.
- 1.2 Define resistance, current and voltage.
- 1.3 Enlist types of electricity.
- 1.4 Enlist the methods of generation of electricity
- 1.5 Define electrostatic electricity.
- 1.6 State the difference between direct and alternative current.

## 2.UNDERSTAND THE OHMS LAW AND COMBINATION OF RESISTANCES.

- 2.1 Define ohm's law
- 2.2 Describe series and parallel circuits.
- 2.3 Explain series and parallel circuits (Combined).
- 2.4 Apply ohm's law in series and parallel circuits for simple problem solving.
- 2.5 Determine voltage drop in series, parallel and series. parallel circuits.
- 2.6 Define power losses.
- 2.7 Explain alternating current.
- 2.8State the values of A.C.
- 2.9State the relations between different values of AC
- 2.10Define Frequency, time period & cycle.

# 3.UNDERSTAND THE FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRIC CIRCUITS AND ELECTRICAL MATERIALS

- 3.1 State between different electrical circuits (Series & parallel).
- 3.2 Draw symbols used in elect circuits.
- 3.3 State the use of volt meter, ampere meter and ohm meter.
- 3.4 State the use of wattmeter.
- 3.5 Make the connections of basic instruments, (Ammeter, Voltmeter & Watt meter).
- 3.6 State the use of tong tester and multimeter.
- 3.7 Define conductor, semi conductor and insulator.

# 4. UNDERSTAND THE APPLICATION OF KIRCHHOFF'S LAW.

- 4.1 Define Kirchhoff's current law.
- 4.2 Define Kirchhoff's voltage law.
- 4.3 Apply Kirchhoff's laws in solving simple problems.

### 5. UNDERSTAND MAGNETISM AND ELECTROMAGNETISM.

- 5.1 State theory of magnetism.
- 5.2 State the properties of magnets and units of flux, flux density.

- 5.3 Define electromagnetism and units of field strength and magnetizing force.
- 5.4 Define magnetic field stresngth and amp-turn.
- 5.5 Explain electromagnetic induction and Faraday's Laws.
- 5.6 Explain the working principle of a solenoid and its uses in RACT.
- 5.7 Define permeability & its unit.
- 5.8 Define reluctance and its unit.

5.9Explain motor action between two mag. fields and Fleming's Left Hand Rule.

## 6.UNDERSTAND THE APPLICATION OF CAPACITORS AND INDUCTORS IN RACT.

6.1Define capacitance and its unit

- 6.2State formulac for combining capacitors in series and parallel
- 6.3Explain the types and uses of capacitors in RACT
- 6.4Define inductance and its unit

6.5Define back emf

6.6Explain the inductive reactance and unit.

## 7. UNDERSTAND FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL GENERATORS.

- 7.1 Explain the working principle of DC Generator
- 7.2 State the construction of a DC Generator
- 7.3 State emf equation
- 7.4 State the types of DC Generators and their uses.
- 7.5 State the use of commutator

### 8.UNDERSTAND WORKING OF AC ELECTRICAL MOTORS.

- 8.1 Enlist the electric motors commonly used in air-conditioning field.
- 8.2 Explain the working proincile of AC induction motors.
- 8.3 Explain split phase Induction motor, its ratings and uses.
- 8.4 Explain repulsion start induction motor, its ratings and uses.
- 8.5 Explain capacitor start induction motor, its ratings and uses.
- 8.6 Explain the working of 3-phase induction motor.

8.7Draw circuit diagrams for all AC motors used in RACT.

# 9. UNDERSTAND THE FUNCTION AND CONSTRUCTION OF AN ALTERNATOR.

- 9.1 State the principle of an alternator.
- 9.2 Explain the construction of an alternator.
- 9.3 Derive the E.M.F equation of an alternator.
- 9.4 Explain the efficiency of an alternator.

9.5State how alternators are excited.

### 10. UNDERSTAND THE TRANSFORMER AND ITS APPLICATION.

- 10.1 State the principle of transformers.
- 10.2 Enlist the types of transformer.

- 10.3 Explain primary and secondary windings and the ralation between their voltages.
- 10.4 State step up and step down transformer.
- 10.5Explain the current ratios in both types of tranformers.

### 11. UNDERSTAND THE TYPES AND USES OF WRING SYSTEMS.

- 11.1 Enlist the types of wiring.
- 11.2 State cleat wiring method and uses.
- 11.3 State Batten wiring method and uses.
- 11.4 State conduit wiring (surface & concealed) method and uses.
- 11.5 State the need of earthing.
- 11.6State the methods of earthing.

### 12. UNDERSTAND THE TYPES OF WIRES AND CABLES.

- 12.1 Distinguish between wire and cables.
- 12.2 Explain current and voltage ratings of wires and cables.
- 12.3 Enlist the types of cables.
- 12.4 State properties and uses of V.I.R cable.
- 12.5 State properties and uses of P.V.C cable.
- 12.6 State the construction and uses of multicore cables.
- 12.7 State the sizes and ratings of flexible cable.
- 12.8 State the ratings and uses of lead sheathed and paper insulated cables.
- 12.9 Distinguish between varnish cambric cables and mineral insulated cables.
- 12.10Statre the current ratings of 1/.044, 3/.029, 3/.036, 7/.029, 7/.036 and 7/.044 cables.

# 13.UNDERSTAND THE ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES WHICH ARE COMMONLY USED IN AIRCONDITIONING INDUSTRY.

- 13.1 State the purpose of starter and its use with electrical motor above 5 H.P.
- 13.2Explain the construction of magnetic contactor and its use in single and three phase circuit.
- 13.4 Explain the function and working principle of circuit breaker.
- 13.5 Explain the use and function of time relay.
- 13.6 Explain the use and function of DOL and Star-delta starters.

13.7Draw circuit diagrams of motors with electric accessories connected with them.

# ET-113APPLIED ELECTRICITY.

## LIST OF PRACTICALS

96 Hours

- 1. Making an artificial magnet by:
  - (a) Passing electric current
  - (b) Energizing of solenoid.
- 2.Plotting lines of forces of bar magnet keeping North and South poles of the magnet towards geographical South-North poles and East-West direction respectively.
- 3. To make a simple twist joint of P.V.C cable No.1/0.004
- 4. To make a married joint of P.V.C cable No 7/0.36 or 7/0.29
- 5. To make pigtail joint of P.V.C Cable No 1/0.044.
- 6. To make a "tee" joint of P.V.C. Cable No 7/0.36 or 7.029
- 7.To wire up two lamps, separately controlled from one place (cleat or batten wiring system).
- 8. To control one lamp with one switch in conduit or batten wiring system.
- 9.To wire up one light point, one ceiling fan point and one two pin socket separately controlled in cleat or batten wiring system.
- 10.To control one lamp from three places using intermediate switch in batten wiring system.
- 11. To control one bell from one place only.
- 12. To make an assembly of a 40 watt fluorscent tube with choke, starter, and connectors.
- 13. Verification of Ohm's law.
- 14.Measurement of resistance of a given wire with the help of voltmeter, ammeter (Method V=IR), Ohmmeter and what stone bridge.
- 15. To measure the voltage drop in a series circuit.
- 16. Study of split phase motor, capacitor motor and shaded pole motor and their connections.
- 17. Study of three phase star-delta circuit and its connectionm, with induction motor.
- 18. Study of single and three phase energy meter.
- 19.Draw an electric circuit diagram of a refrigerator with motor, capacitor, relay and overload.
- 20.Draw automatic motor control circuit diagram of single phase induction motor with speed-regulator switch.
- 21 Study of voltage stabilizer and its function.
- 22. Application and function of circuit breaker with electric motors
- 23. Study of slip-ring motor and its control working (Manual and Automatic)
- 24. Study the parts of a capacitor type motors and their connections.
- 25. Servicing an electric motors, fan motors, split phase induction motor and capacitor start capacitor run motor.
- 27. Related problem solving of above topics.
- 28.Practice of use of tong tester
- 29.Connections of wattmeter
- 30.Making a solenoid
- 31.Study of electrotylic capacitors and their use in capacitor-start induction motors
- 32Verification of Kirchhoof's Laws
- 33. Verify current and voltage ratios in transformers

34.Connect a compressor with capacitor, relay and overload and observe their working.

# Comp-122COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

## **Total contact hours**

Theory	32 Hours	Т	Р	С	
Practica	ls 96 Hours		1	3	2
Pre-requisite	None				

AIMS This subject will enable the student to be familiar with the operation of a Micro-computer. He will also learn DOS, BASIC language and word processing to elementary level.

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

1.	ELE	CTRONIC DATA PROCESSING (EDP)	6 Hours			
	1.1	Basics of computers				
	1.2	Classification of computers				
	1.3	Block diagram of a computer system				
	1.4	Binary number system				
	1.5	BIT, BYTE, RAM, ROM, EROM, EPROM				
	1.6	Input and output devices				
	1.7	Secondary storage media details				
	1.8	Processors and types				
	1.9	Using computer for system software				
	1.10	Using computers for application software.				
	1.11	Common types of software and their application.				
2.	DISK	<b>COPERATING SYSTEM (DOS)</b>	6 Hours			
	2.1 In	2.1 Internal commands				
	2.2 E	xternal commands				
	2.3 B	2.3 Batch files				
	2.4 A	dvance features.				
3.	BASI	IC LANGUAGE	10 Hours			
	3.1	Introduction to high level languages				
	3.2	Introduction to BASIC				
	3.3	REM Statement				
	3.4	Assignment statement				
	3.5	Input statement				
	3.6	Read-Data statement				
	3.7	IF-THEN statement				
	3.8	IF-THEN Else statement				
	3.9	FOR-NEXT statement				
	3.10	DIM statement				
	0.11					

3.11 L PRINT statement

- 3.12 STOP statement
- 3.13 END statement
- 3.14 Logic of a BASIC Programme
- 3.15 Running a BASIC Programme
- 3.16 Saving and Retrieving a Programme
- 3.17 Advance features

### 4. WORD PROCESSING

- 4.1 Starting word processor session
- 4.2 Opening a document
- 4.3 Saving a document
- 4.4 Ending word processor session (Temporarily)
- 4.5 Retrieving a document
- 4.6 Spell check
- 4.7 Margins and tab setting
- 4.8 Aligning Paragraph
- 4.9 Printing a document
- 4.10 Advance features

### **5.COMPUTER GRAPHIC IN BASIC**

5.1Graphic fundamentals

5.2Points and lines

- 5.3Dots in space
- 5.4A lightening blot

5.5Shapes

5.6Expanding circles and rectangles

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Ron S. Gottfrid, Programming with BASIC,
- 2. Any Word Processor Latest Release (e.g., Word, Word-Perfect etc).
- 3. ABC'S of DOS (latest release).

4.Judd Robbins, Mastering DOS 6.0 and 6.2

7 Hours

3 hours

# **Comp-122COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

# **INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES**

# 1. UNDERSTAND ELECTRONIC DATA PROCESSING (EDP).

1.1Describe basics of computers.1.2Enlist different classification of computers.1.3Explain block diagram of a computer system

- 1.3Explain block diagram of a computer system.
- 1.4 Describe binary number system.

1.5State the terms used in computers such as BIT, BYTE, RAM, ROM, EROM, EPROM.

- 1.6 Identify input and output devices.
- 1.7 Describe secondary storage media.
- 1.8 Explain processor.

1.9Name different types of processors.

- 1.10 Explain the use of computer for system software.
- 1.11 Explain the use of computer for application software.
- 1.12 Enlist common types of software and their application.

1.13Explain various application of above softwares mentioned in 1.12

# 2. UNDERSTAND DISK OPERATING SYSTEM (DOS).

- 2.1 Explain the use of various internal command of DOS.
- 2.2 Explain the use of various external command of DOS.
- 2.3 Describe batch files.

2.4Identify advanced features

# 3. UNDERSTAND BASIC LANGUAGE.

- 3.1 Explain high level languages.
- 3.2 Explain Basic language.
- 3.3 Describe Rem statement

3.4Describe assignment statement

- 3.5 Explain Input statement
- 3.6 Explain Read-Data statement
- 3.7 Explain If-Then Statement
- 3.8 Explain If-then-Else Statement
- 3.9 Explain For-Next Statement
- 3.10 Explain DIM Statement
- 3.11 Explain LPRINT statement
- 3.12 Explain stop statement
- 3.13 Explain end Statement
- 3.14 Describe Logic of Basic program
- 3.15 Describe running a Basic Program
- 3.16 Describe saving & retrieving Basic Program
- 3.17 Describe some Advance features of Basic program

# 4. UNDERSTAND WORD PROCESSING SESSION

- 4.1. Describe word-processing
- 4.2 Name command to be entered on Dos-prompt to load word-processor
- 4.3 Identify initial screen
- 4.4 Describe the command to open a document
- 4.5 Describe the procedure for naming the document
- 4.6 Explain importance of giving extension to a document
- 4.7 Describe saving and retrieving a document
- 4.8 Explain importance of saving the work at regular intervals
- 4.9 State temporarily Ending word-processing session & document retrieval
- 4.10 State procedure to re-enter word processor
- 4.11 State procedure to re-open the document and editing
- 4.12 Describe spell-check facility
- 4.13 Describe Margins & Tab Setting
- 4.14 Describe to align paragraph
- 4.15 Describe Re-editing techniques
- 4.16 Describe procedure to set-up printer
- 4.17 Describe command for printouts
- 4.18 Explain multiple-copy printout procedure
- 4.19 Explain some advance features
- 4.20 Describe procedure of condensed printing
- 4.21 Describe procedure for change of fonts

## 5.UNDERSTAND PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPUTER GRAPHIC IN BASIC LANGUAGE

- 5.1Identify graphic fundamentals in basic language
- 5.2Explain to draw points and lines
- 5.3Explain to draw dot in space
- 5.4Explain to draw lighting blot
- 5.5Explain to draw shapes
- 5.6Explain to draw expanding circles and rectangles

# **Comp-122COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

# LIST OF PRACTICALS

# DOS

1 Identify key board, mouse, CPU, disk drives, disks, monitor & printer

2Practice for booting up of a computer system with DOS system disk and power off system at DOS prompt

- 3 Practice for CLS, VER, VOL, DATE & TIME commands
- 4 Practice for COPY, REN commands
- 5 Practice for DEL, TYPE, PATH, PROMPT, COPY CON, MD, CD, RD commands
- 6 Practice of the practicals at S. No. 3, 4, 5
- 7 Practice for FORMAT command with /s, /4, /u switches
- 8 Practice for DISKCOPY, DISKCOMP commands
- 9 Practice for SCANDISK, XCOPY, DELTREE, TREE, LABEL commands
- 10 Practice for PRINT, UNDELETE commands
- 11 Practice for the practicals at S. No. 8, 9, 10, 11
- 12 Practice for creating a batch file

# BASIC

1Practice for loading & unloading BASIC software and identify role of function keys in Basic

- 2 Identify role of various keys in continuation with ALT key in BASIC programming
- 3Practice for CLS, LOAD, SAVE, FILE, RENUM command by loading any existing BASIC Program
- 4 Practice for editing any existing BASIC Program
- 5Prepare BASIC Program to display sum of two numbers using INPUTS
- 6 Prepare BASIC Program to display sum of two numbers using READ-DATA
- 7 Prepare BASIC Program to multiply two numbers

8Prepare BASIC Program to calculate Area of Rectangle, when length and width are given

- 9 Prepare BASIC Program to calculate area of a circle when radius/diameter is given
- 10 Prepare very simple BASIC Programs using IF-THEN-ELSE and FOR-NEXT statement
- 11 Identify DIM statement

12Practice for LPRINT statement for various Programs hard-copy output

# WORD PROCESSING

- 1 Practice for loading & unloading a word processor
- 2 Practice for creating document & saving it
- 3 Practice for spell-check facility of the word-processor
- 4 Practice for editing an existing document
- 5 Practice for various word-processing Menu Options
- 6 Practice for printing a document
- 7 Practice for margin and TAB setting and document alignment
- 8 Practice for some advance features

#### **RACT 113** PRINCIPLES OF REFRIGERATION

Total contact h Theory	ours 64 ho	urs	Т	Р	С	
Practica	1	96 hours		2	3	3
Prerequisites:	1. 2.	Fundamental knowledge of B Fundamental knowledge of M	Basic Sciences. Iath.			
Aims.	The student w	vill be able to:-				

Understand basic principles of refrigeration. 1.

- 2. State the principles of vapor compression uned in refrigeration and equipment.
- 3.Understand loads etc. Refrigeration cycle, its major components, their construction operation maintenance and calculate

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

#### I. FUNDAMENTALS OF REFRIGERATION.

### 4 Hours

- Definition of Refrigeration and Air-conditioning 1.1
- 1.2 Scope of Refrigeration, Types of Refrigeration.
- Conversion of F.P.S System to SI (metric system). 1.3
- Energy, solar Energy, Heat, Specific heat-unit of heat. 1.4
- Intensity of heat. 1.5
- 1.6 Quantity of heat, laws of thermodynamics.
- Methods of heat transfer. 1.7
- 1.8 Methods measuring temperature.

#### 2. SATURATED AND SUPER-HEATED VAPOURS.

- 2.1Pressure, Pascal's law, Liquid pressure, saturated liquid, Boiling point of liquid, Sublimation.
- 2.2 Saturation temperature, vaporization and evaporation, condensation.
- 2.3 Effect of pressure on saturation temperature and critical temperature.
- Saturated vapour table of different gases. 2.4
- 2.5 Simple vapour compression cycle.
- 2.6 Suction and discharge temperature and pressure of different refrigerants.
- 2.7 Condensing and Evaporating temperature pressure.

#### **IDEAL GAS LAWS:** 3.

- Effect of heat on volume, expansion of solid and liquid. 3.1
- 3.2 Pressure volume relationship at constant temperature
- 3.3 Pressure temperature relationship at constant volume

### 4 Hours

**6** Hours

- 3.4 General gas law, problem solving.
- 3.5 Specific heats of gases.

### 4. **REFRIGERANTS.**

### Hours

- 4.1 Requirement of a good refrigerant.
- 4.2 Common refrigerants.
- 4.3 Classification of refrigerants and uses.
- 4.4 Study of group I, II, III, refrigerants of each high and low side pressure.
- 4.5 Refrigerant cylinders, colour code for refrigerant cylinders.
- 4.6 Use of pressure temperature curves and tables.
- 4.7 Selection of refrigerants, replacement of one refrigerant with other.
- 4.8. Introduction of HCFC's Refrigerants.

### 5. COMPRESSORS.

### Hours

- 5.1 Purpose of compressor.
- 5.2 Types of compressor.
- 5.3 Reciprocating compressor.
- 5.4 Rotary compressor.
- 5.5 Centrifugal compressor
- 5.6 Screw type compressor.
- 5.7 Working principles of various compressors.

### 6. COMPRESSOR EFFICIENCY.

- 6.1 Volumetric efficiency.
- 6.2 Mean effective pressure.
- 6.3 HP of compressor.
- 6.4 Performance of reciprocating compressor.

### 7. DOMESTIC COMMERCIAL CONDENSERS. 6 Hours

- 7.1 Purpose of condenser.
- 7.2 Types of condenser.
- 7.3 Condenser load.
- 7.4 Quantity and temperature size of condensing medium.
- 7.5 Description of cooling tower and load calculations.

### 8. **RERIGERANT CONTROL.**

- 8.1 Purpose of refrigerant control.
- 8.2 Types of expansion valve.
- 8.3 Automatic expansion valve construction/working principles.
- 8.4 Thermostatic expansion valve construction/working principles.

10 Hours

4 Hours

14

6

- 8.5 Capillary tube refrigerant control.
- 8.6 Low side, high side pressure float value.
- 8.7 Hand Expansion valve.
- 8.8 Fault finding in refrigerant control.

## 9. EVAPORATORS.

- 9.1 Purpose of evaporators.
- 9.2 Types of evaporators.
- 9.3 Flooded and dry expansion evaporators.
- 9.4 Non frosting and frosting tube evaporators.
- 9.5 Logarithemic mean temperature difference.
- 9.6 Natural convection evaporators.

### 10. MOTORS' CONTROL.

- 10.1 Purpose of motor control.
- 10.2 Low pressure motor control.
- 10.3 High pressure motor control.
- 10.4 Range and differential adjustment.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS.**

- 1. Modern Refrigeration and air conditioning by Althous.
- 2. Principles of Refrigeration by R.J. Dossat.
- 3. ASHRAE Handbook Fundamental & Equipment Volume

# 6 Hours

### 4 Hours

## RACT 113 PRINCIPLS OF REFRIGERATION.

### **INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES:**

On completion of this course, the students will be:

# 1.UNDERSTAND THE FUNDAMENTALS OF REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING.

- 1.1 Define refrigeration and air conditioning.
- 1.2 Differentiate between refrigeration and air conditioning.
- 1.3 Explain the scope of refrigeration.
- 1.4 Explain the types of refrigeration.
- 1.5 Explain F.P.S. system.
- 1.6 Mertic system .
- 1.7 SI system.
- 1.8 Make conversion of each unit in to other.
- 1.9 State energy, heat, specific heat unit of heat.
- 1.10 State definition of energy.
- 1.11 Differentiate between K.E and Potential energy.
- 1.12 Calculate intensity of heat and its measuring instruments.
- 1.13 Explain quantity of heat.
- 1.14 Explain laws thermodynamics.
- 1.15 State the method of heat transfer.
- 1.16 Explain the method of heat transfer.
- 1.17 Explain the method of measuring temperature.

### 2. UNDERSTAND THE SATURATED AND SUPERHEATED VAPOURS.

- 2.1 Define pressure, pressure of liquid, heat, boiling point of liquid.
- 2.2. Define saturated liquid and sublimation.
- 2.3 Define saturation temperature, vaporization, evaporation and condensation.
- 2.4 Explain the effect of pressure on saturated temperature and critical temperature.
- 2.5 Use saturated vapour tables of different gases.
- 2.6 Explain simple vapour compression cycle.
- 2.7 Define suction and discharge temperature of a refrigeration cycle.
- 2.8Define effect on cycle efficiency due to change in condensing and evaporating temperature.
- 2.8.0. Define condensing and evaporating pressure.

### 3. UNDERSTAND THE IDEAL GAS LAWS.

- 3.1 State the effect of heat on volume, expansion of solids and liquids.
- 3.2 Explain pressure volume relationship at constant temperature.
- 3.3 Explain pressure temperature relationship at constant volume
- 3.4 Derive the general gas equation.
- 3.5 Define the specific heats of gases at constant volume and pressure

### 4. UNDERSTAND THE ROLE OF REFRIGERANTS

- 4.1. Define refrigerants
- 4.2. Classify refrigerants according to application and safety.
- 4.3. Describe the properties of refrigerants.
- 4.4. State safety measure in handling refrigerants.
- 4.5. Explain the effect of overcharge and undercharge of refrigerant in the system
- 4.6. Explain HCFC's Refrigerants.

# 5.UNDERSTAND THE WORKING PRINCIPLES AND USE OF COMPRESSORS IN AIR CONDITIONING FIELD.

- 5.1. State the purpose of compressor.
- 5.2. List the types of compressor.
- 5.3. Explain the construction and working principle of reciprocating compressor.
- 5.4. Explain the construction and working principle of rotary compressor.
- 5.5. Explain the construction and working principle of screw type compressor.
- 5.6. Explain the construction and working principle of centrifugal compressor.

### 6. UNDERSTAND COMPRESSOR'S EFFICIENCY.

- 6.1. Achieve the necessary skill in finding volumetric efficiency
- 6.2. Define mean effective pressure
- 6.3. Explain HP of compressor
- 6.4. Explain the effect of variables on the efficency of the compressors.

### 7. UNDERSTAND THE DOMESTIC AND COMMERCIAL CONDENSERS.

- 7.1. Describe the purpose of condenser
- 7.2. Name the types of condensers.
- 7.3. Calculate condenser load.
- 7.4. Explain the working principles of cooling tower.
- 7.5. Label different parts of cooling tower.
- 7.6. Estimate the load of cooling towers.

### 8.UNDERSTAND THE CONCEPT AND WORKING PRINCIPLES OF REFRIGERANT CONTROL.

- 8.1 State the purpose of refrigerant control valve.
- 8.2 Name the types of refrigerant control valves.
- 8.3 Explain the working principle, and construction of the thermostatic expansion valves.
- 8.4 Explain the working principles and construction of automatic expansion valve.
- 8.6 Explain the working principles of capillary tube .
- 8.7 Explain the working principles of float valves.

### 9.UNDERSTAND THE BASIC PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATION OF EVAPORATORS.

- 9.1 Explain the purpose of evaporator.
- 9.2 Describe the types of evaporators.
- 9.3 Distinguish between flooded and dry expansion evaporators.
- 9.4 Name the types of evaporator regrading their construction, shape and temperature.
- 9.5 Distinguish between frosting and non frosting types of evaporators.
- 9.6 Describe logarithmic mean temperature difference.

### **10.KNOW MOTORS' CONTROL.**

- 10.1 10.2
- State the purpose of motor control. Define low pressure motor control. Define high pressure motor control. Define range and differential adjustment. 10.3 10.4

### **RACT 113 PRINCIPLE OF REFRIGERATION**

### LIST OF PRACTICALS

### **96 HOURS**

- 1. Introduction of common refrigeration hand tools.
- 2. Introduction of refrigeration instruments and their uses.
- 3. Copper tubing and fittings.
- 4. Tube cutting bending, flaring and swaging.
- 5. Tube soldering, brazing and annealing.
- 6. Study of pressure gauges.
- 7. Gauge manifold and charging lines.
- 8. Reciprocating compressor construction.
- 9. Dismentling of open type reciprocating compressor.
- 10. Cleaning and servicing of reciprocating compressor.
- 11. Reciprocating compressor parts and reassembling.
- 12. Gusket making practice.
- 13. Hermetic sealed reciprocating compressor construction, dismentling and cleaning.
- 14. Reassembling of hermetic sealed reciprocating and rotary compressors.
- 15. Cleaning and flushing of refrigeration components.
- 16. Practical on trainer to understand refrigeration cycle.
- 17 Study of electrical components of domestic refrigeration appliances.
- 18. Study and use of voltmeter/AVO meter and ampere meter.
- 19. Determine the terminals (common, start, run) of a sealed compressor.
- 20. Testing of compressor motor, fan motor for open, ground or short.
- 21. Testing of Thermostatic Expansion Valve.
- 22. Application of finishers and painting the refrigeration appliances.
- 23. Servicing of refrigerators shelves and cabinets and core.
- 24. Instructions and care for use of refrigerators.

## **RACT 123 REFRIGERATION WORK SHOP PRACTICE - I**

Total	contact hours 288 Hours	Т	P 0	C 9	3
a. b. c.	Basic Electronics applied to HVAC & R. Metal shop. Machine/welding shop.		$egin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$	3 3 3	1 1 1

AIM: After going through the workshop practice the student will be able to understand the use of electronic devices in the HVAC&R field, sheet/metal shop & machine/welding shop.

### A. BASIC ELECTRONICS APPLIED TO HVAC&R

### LIST OF PRACTICAL (TOTAL 96-HOURS)

- 1. Introduction of terminology used in electronics.
- 2. Demonstrate the use of diode as a rectifier.
- 3. Demonstrate the use of transistor as an amplifier in CE configuration.
- 4.Study the working of silicon controlled rectifier (SCR) to control DC motor speed. (DC Power).
- 5. Study the working of Diac & Triac to control AC power.
- 6. Study the working of control transformers.
- 7. Study the working of Uni Junction Transistor (UJT) in time delay circuit.
- 8. Demonstrate the use of a thermocouple for temperature control.
- 9. Demonstrate the use of thermistor for temp. control.
- 10. Demonstrate the use of opto-coupler in:
  - a. Illumination control (Photo cell)
  - b. counter
  - c. pin-hole detection
  - d. Flame failure control
- 11. Study the working of DC time delay relay.
- 12. Study the working of sequence timer.
- 13. Study the working of AC resistance s.Sensitive relay.
- 14. Study the working of heat sensitive relay.
- Study the working of electro-pneumatic controller.
- 16. Study the working of electro-mechanical controller.

### **BOOKS:**

15.

- 1- Electronics in Industry by George M Chute.
- 2- Industrial Electronics and control by Klloeffler.
- 3- Electronics for Industry by W.I. Bendz.
- 4- Industrial Electronics Control by W.D. Cocurel.
- 5- ASHRAE Hand Book- Application & Equipment Volume.

### **B.** METAL SHOP (TOTAL 96 HOURS)

- 1. Study of measuring and laying out tools, and simple exercises.
- 2. Study and the use of measuring instruments.
- 3. Use of micrometer and exercise on micrometer.

- 4. Use of vernier caliper.
- 5. Making one project involving rivetting.
- 6. Exercise on soldering.
- 7. Demonstration on common plumbing tools and their uses.
- 8. Demonstration of pipes, pipe fittings, valves.
- 9. Sketching G.I. pipe, Taps, Cocks, Valves.
- 10. Demonstration pipe joints, pipe cutters, pipe vice.
- 11. Practice in cutting and threading of G.I. pipes.
- 12. Practice in fitting of G.I. fittings.
- 13. Laying out of a Square Duct.
- 14. Laying out of a Rectangular Duct.
- 15. Laying out of a Circular Duct.
- 16. Forming of a Square Duct Sample.
- 17. Laying out and making of grooved lock joint.
- 18. Hammer grooved lock joint.
- 19. Single and double seam joint practice.
- 20. Riveted Lap Seam.
- 21. Corner Double Seam Lock.
- 22. Pocket Solder Lock Seam.
- 23. Pittsburgh Corner Lock Seam.
- 24. "1" Standing Seam.
- 25. 90 Degree Elbow with square back and throat.
- 26. Making an Ice Tray.
- 27. Making a rectangular Duct.
- 28. Making a square duct.
- 29. Making a Two way Duct.

# C. MACHINE SHOP/WELDING SHOP (TOTAL 96 HOURS)

- 1. Study of a Bench Lathe Machine
- 2. Laying out and making of a steel piece for simple turning.
- 3. Centering and facing.
- 4. Simple turning on a 1/2" diameter steel piece
- 5. Step Turning
- 6. Practice of different threads
- 7. Practice of knurling, taper turing and drilling on lathe
- 8. Practice Tapers, Taper Turning on bench Lathe
- 0. Oxy Acetylene gas welding equipment and Accessories
- 10. Flame making and types
- 11. Preparation of Flange joint (1/16" mild steel sheet)
- 12. Preparation of Butt joint (1/16" mild steel sheet)
- 13. Preparation of Corner Joint, Lap joint
- 14.Brazing of Butt joint on a mild steel sheet of 1/16" thick and copper tube using Brass as a filler matel.
- 15.Brazing of Butt joint on a mild steel sheet of 1/16" thick using copper as a filler metal 16.Copper tube welding with copper rods. copper tube brazing with brass rod with blow lamps.
- 16. Copper tube welding with copper rods. copper tube brazing with brass rod with blow la
- 17. Introduction of Electric Arc welding spot welding and equipment
- 18. Arc welding of circular tubes and pipes
- 19. Arc welding of hermetic sealed compressor.
- 20. Spot welding of mild steel.
- 21. Preparation of shelving.